



## دبیرستان پسرانه غیر دولتی ابتکار علم - دوره دوم

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### In God we trust

#### A) Fill in the blanks with the following words. (2.5)

shares-effectively-respect-figure out-later

1-The project will be completed two weeks -----later-----.

2-His daughter never-----shares-----her toys with her friends.

3-Students show their -----respect-----for their teachers by not talking.

4-Student must try to study more-----effectively-----.

5-I cannot-----figure out-----the meaning of new words.

#### B) Match the words with their definitions/synonyms. (2.5)

1-to be worthy **b**

a-appreciate

2-work out **d**

b-deserve

3-to be grateful **a**

c-calm

4-peaceful **c**

d-understand

5-lack of success in doing sth **e**

e-failure

#### C) Make active and passive sentences(2)

1-Baird/the first television/in 1924/invented.

Active: **Baird invented the first television in 1924**

Passive: **The first television was invented ( by Baird).**

2-I /him/gave/a book/for his birthday.

Active: I gave him a book for his birthday.

Passive: He was given a book for his birthday.

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**D) Complete the following sentences with and, or, but and so.(2)**

1-My friend can sing well,-----but-----he cannot draw at all.

2-The didn't invite us,-----so-----we didn't go to their party.

3-Reza and Saeed went swimming,-----and-----they had a nice time.

4-You can buy things,-----or-----you can save your money.

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**E) Write appropriate tag questions.(3)**

1-He's always on time,-----isn't he-----?

2-There is a problem here ,-----isn't there-----?

3-He should learn English,-----shouldn't he-----?

4-He went to the park and walked around the pool,-----didn't he-----?

5-He has studied well,-----hasn't he-----?

6-He didn't invite his friends,-----did he-----?

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**F) Read the passages and answer the questions.(8)**

**Passage 1**

Have you ever noticed that when a person near you yawns, you may start yawning too? This is called contagious yawning. Contagious in this sense means that the behavior spreads when one person does something like yawn, it can cause others to do the same thing. There are various theories about why people yawn. One popular idea is that yawning brings more oxygen into the brain to wake people up. Is that what you have thought? But in 2007, researchers at a university in New York came up with a new idea; yawning helps cool the brain. Scientists found that people yawned more frequently in situations where their brains were warmer . The idea is that yawning cools the brain by increasing blood flow and bringing cooler air into the body. Cooler brains work better than the warmer ones. This may also help explain why yawning is contagious. People are more awake when their brains are cooler. As people evolved over time, contagious yawning helped people stay awake. This was important in times of danger. It's very possible that the person yawning could have been signaling to

others to stay awake. The next time you are talking to someone and that person yawns, you can tell yourself that he or she actually wants to stay awake, not go to sleep.

1. The passage is primarily intended to .....

- 1) give a sort of warning
- 2) make a suggestion
- 3) introduce a new finding
- 4) provide advice

2. Which of the following words can replace the word 'various' in paragraph 1 without any change in meaning?

- 1) Fantastic
- 2) Practical
- 3) Global
- 4) Different

3. It's possible that at some point in history, people yawned .....

- 1) in order to evolve over time
- 2) in a conscious attempt to cool down their brains
- 3) to stay awake and keep others awake in times of danger
- 4) to signal others that they were too tired and that they needed to sleep

4. Which of the following is NOT true according to the passage?

- 1) When one person yawns, others nearby may yawn as well.
- 2) People are not necessarily tired even though they may yawn.
- 3) It's been proven that unless people yawn, they cannot stay awake.
- 4) People yawn more frequently when their brain is likely to be warmer.

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## Passage 2

Proverbs exist in every language and culture and are a way of passing down folk wisdom, or "common sense," from generation to generation. They have lasted for thousands of years, probably because they're so memorable. Some are short and concise, like "Practice makes perfect" and "Haste makes waste," while others use a poetic language such as metaphors, repetition, and rhymes. The metaphor "Out of the frying pan and into the fire" is easy to visualize when you are faced with a difficult situation that just got even worse. The repetition of the consonant "t" makes it easy to remember "It takes two to tango," and the rhyme "When the cat's away, the mice will play" comes to mind as soon as the boss leaves on vacation.

Some scholars who study proverbs look for examples that are unique to a particular culture as a key to understanding cultural differences. Others focus on the proverbs that appear in almost every language as a way of defining a common wisdom that binds all humans together.

Proverbs don't always offer up universal truth, however, and they are frequently contradictory. People say, "Clothes make the man," to reflect the importance of appearance as part of one's personal identity. On the other hand, they also say, "You can't judge a book by its cover," to point out

that appearances can be deceptive. And with "Handsome is as handsome does" they stress the value of good behavior over good looks.

1. What is the best title for the passage?

- 1) Proverb poems written by famous poets
- 2) Proverbs : the wisdom that binds us together
- 3) Principles of translating metaphorical proverb
- 4) Proverbs as an opportunity to build up vocabulary

2. Which of the following best states the topic of paragraph 1?

- 1) Some examples of English proverbs
- 2) What makes proverbs stick in the mind
- 3) Exploring the wisdom contained in proverbs
- 4) The reason why proverbs contrast each other

3. According to the author, the proverb "It takes two to tango" is memorable because of .....

- 1) its shortness
- 2) the rhymes it holds
- 3) the metaphor it contains
- 4) the repetition of a consonant

4. Which of the following best states the topic of paragraph 2?

- 1) Global proverbs
- 2) Two ways to look at proverbs
- 3) Every language has its own unique proverbs.
- 4) Functions proverbs serve in different cultures

موفق باشید

نام و نام خانوادگی مصمم: نام و نام خانوادگی تجدید نظر کننده: نمره ورقه به عدد: نمره ورقه به حرف: ممل امضا ممل امضا